Speech-Language Pathology Settings for Children and Adults with Communication Disorders (April 2022)

	PUBLIC SCHOOL	PRIVATE PRACTICE	MEDICAL/REHAB
Credentials	 American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA) Certificateof Clinical Competence (CCC) TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board State Board of Educator Certification (limited to public school) 	 ASHA Certificate of Clinical Competence(CCC) TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board 	 > ASHA Certificate of ClinicalCompetence (CCC) > TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board
Service Provider s	 Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist (SLP), ASHA Certified CCC Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist, CF/Licensed Intern Licensed Speech-Language Pathology Assistant with supervision by a licensed SLP Speech Therapist (Texas Education Agency Certified) 	 Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist, ASHA Certified CCC Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist, CF/Licensed Intern Licensed Speech-Language Pathology Assistant with supervision by a licensed SLP 	 Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist, ASHA Certified CCC Licensed Speech-Language Pathologist, CF/Licensed Intern Licensed Speech-Language Pathology Assistant with supervision by a licensed SLP
	TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board https://www.tdlr.texas.gov/slpa/slpa.htm	TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board: https://www.tdlr.texas.gov/slpa/slpa. htm	TDLR Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists Advisory Board https://www.tdlr.texas.gov/slpa/slpa. htm
Governin g Agencies	Texas Education Agency (TEA): www.tea.state.tx.us ASHA Code of Ethics: www.asha.org Federal Laws: IDEA 2004 (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 2004) NCLB (No Child Left Behind) ESEA (Elementary Secondary Education Act)Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 34 State Laws: Texas Education Code Texas Administrative Code TEA Commissioner's Rules	ASHA Code of Ethics: www.asha.org Office of the Attorney General (OAG): https://www.oag.state.tx.us/ Texas Department of Insurance: http://www.tdi.state.tx.us/	ASHA Code of Ethics: www.asha.org Joint Commission on Accreditation ofHealthcare Organizations (JCAHO) Third- Party Payers (e.g., Health Insurance Providers, Medicaid): www.jointcommission.org
Ages Served	Students ages 3-21	Lifespan	Lifespan

Eligibility Determination	 Admission, Review, Dismissal (ARD) Committee determines eligibility based on: District guidelines to determine disorder/disability conditionfollowing federal regulations based on: Parent Information Teacher Information Teacher Information Health History Sociological/Emotional/Behavioral Information Language Information: Standardized Tests, Informal Assessments, Professional Judgment Intellectual Status Academic Achievement Vocational Information Assistive Technology Adverse effect of communication disorder on educationalperformance ** If a condition and educational need are established, then consider #3 below. Need for Specially-Designed Instruction or Related Servicesprovided by a speech-language pathologist 	Eligibility based on: Parent/client informationHealth history Standardized test results Informal observations/assessments Professional judgment Physician referral information	 Consultation requires a physician referral Eligibility for services is then determined on the basis of a thoroughevaluation by a speechlanguage pathologist that may include the following: Medical chart review Parent/caregiver/patient interview Administration of standardizedtest(s) Non-standardized or informalassessment procedures Medical necessity
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PUBLIC SCHOOL

PRIVATE PRACTICE

MEDICAL/REHAB

Service	School-based Speech-Language (S-L) Pathology services may beprovided in a variety of service delivery models that include the following: Pull-out Therapy – Direct (small-group or individual)Classroom-based Community-based Self-Contained Communication Skills Class Indirect Services Prevention through Multi-Tiered Systems of Support	Private practice S-L Pathology services may be provided in a variety of service- delivery models that include the following: Direct – individual Direct – small group Indirect Services – consultation tofamily members or caregivers	 Medical S-L Pathology services may beprovided in a variety of settings that include the following: Examples of inpatient settings: Hospital (acute care, ICU): hospitalization for acute illness orinjury (typically short-term); services are typically diagnostic in this setting Long-term acute care Inpatient rehabilitation
Delivery Models & Settings			Examples of outpatient settings:Hospital clinic Rehabilitation Home health
			Service delivery models:
			Therapy services in the medical setting aretypically direct (one-on-one) with the patient. Small-group therapy sessions maybe conducted in a rehabilitation hospital orclinic.
			Direct (individual or small group)

Texas Speech-Language-Hearing Association (TSHA)April 2022